Research Methods in computer science

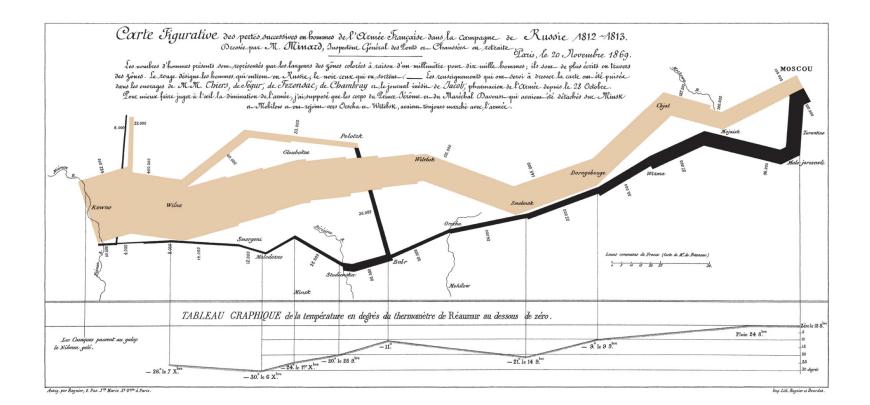
Spring 2019

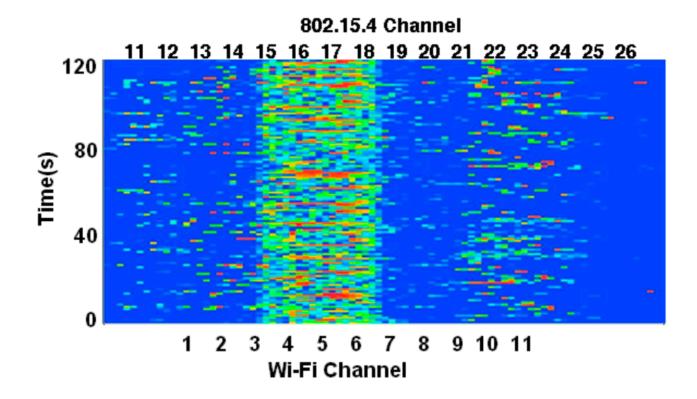
Lecture 21

Omprakash Gnawali April 3, 2019

Agenda

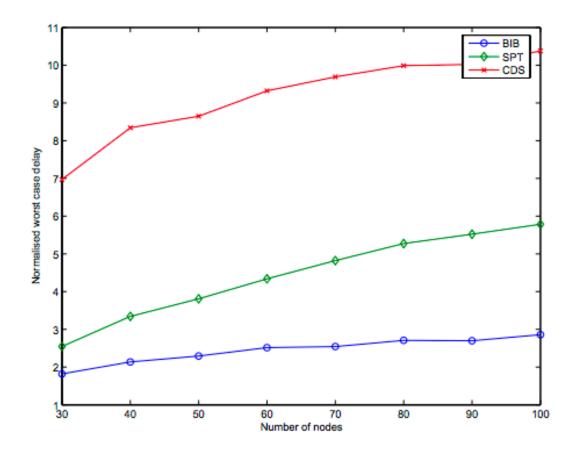
HW9 live grading Legible Graphs HW10



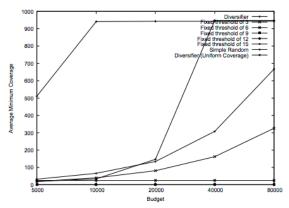


Example of a heatmap (red – high, blue – low)

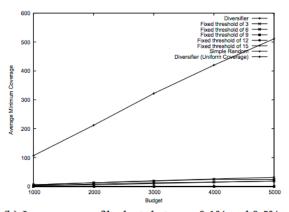
Annotations



Overlapping legend Legend order different from line order

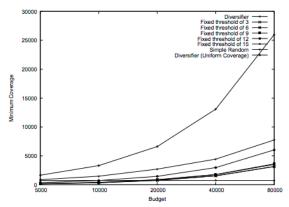


(a) Higher range of budgets between 0.5% and 8%



(b) Lower range of budgets between 0.1% and 0.5%

Figure 2: The average minimum coverage achieved by various algorithms over 100 real world data sets of 1M items each.



(a) Minimum coverage with varying budgets

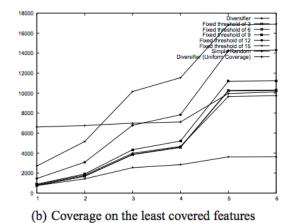
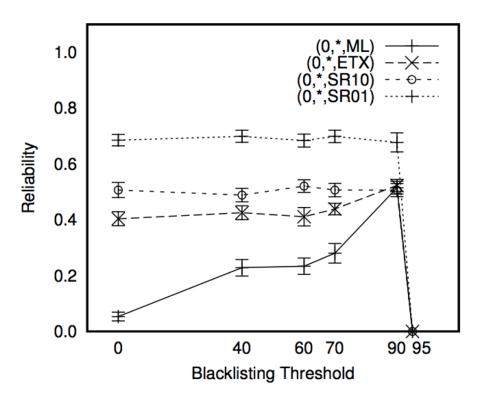
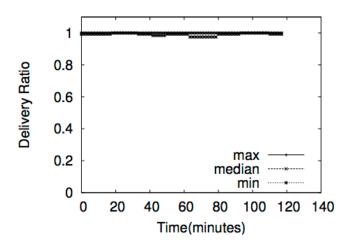


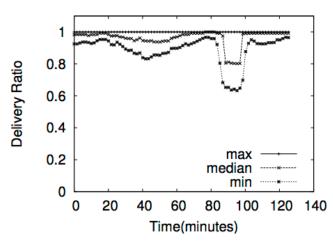
Figure 4: Experimental results for the Independent data set

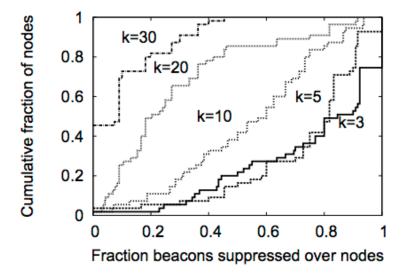
Legend overlapping data

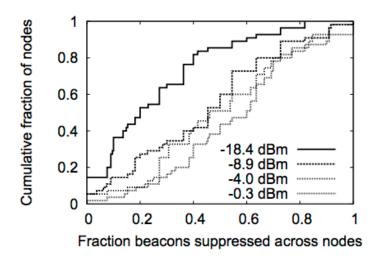


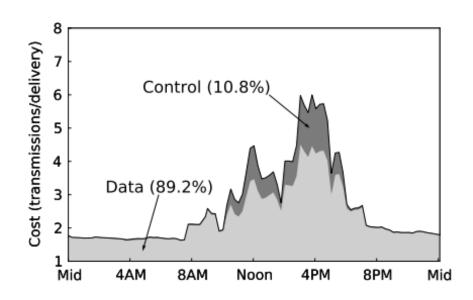
(c) Reliability with different blacklisting thresholds











We saw two common styles

Arrows and text Legends

Tools

matplotlib

Gnuplot

Excel

Inkspace

Powerpoint

Learn about: Vector format, high resolution graphics

Screen captured images

Zoom in before capture Start with a large image

Ideally start with a vector image

Font size

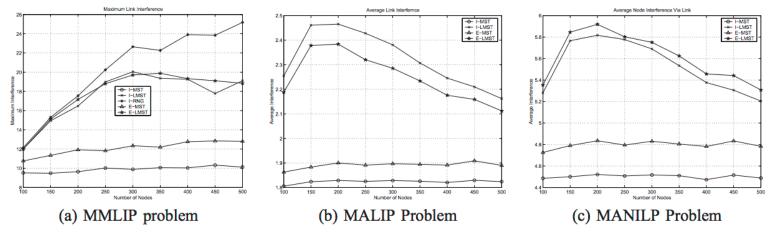


Fig. 4. Performances of various structures for a number of link-interference related problems.

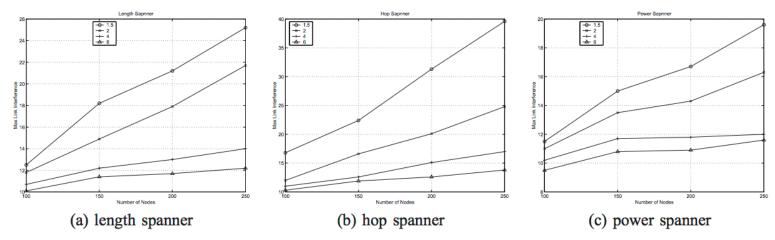
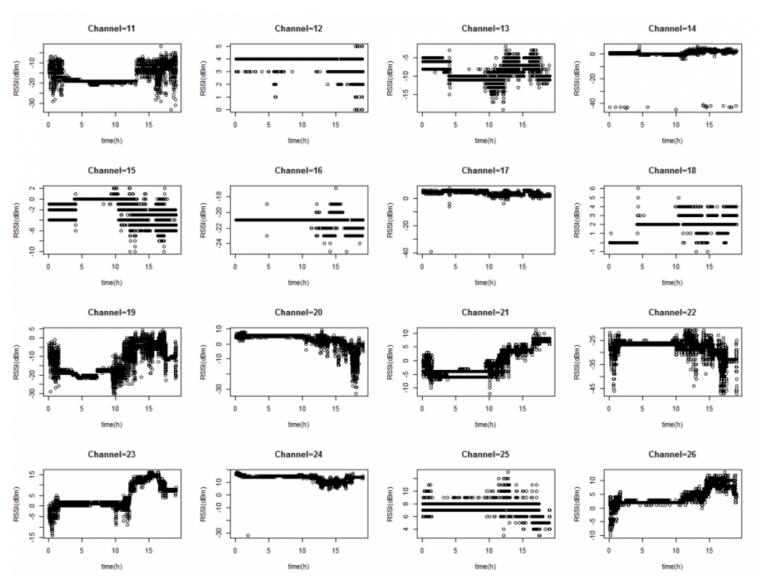


Fig. 5. Minimize the maximum link interference with different spanning ratio requirements.

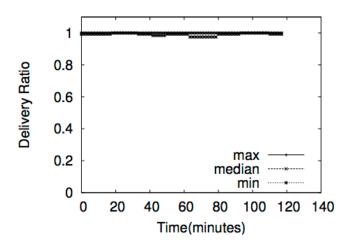
Just one idea to improve all your graphs

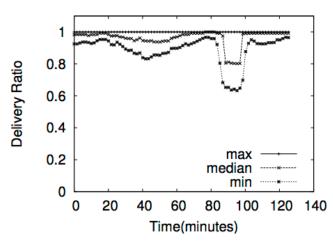
Increase the font Size

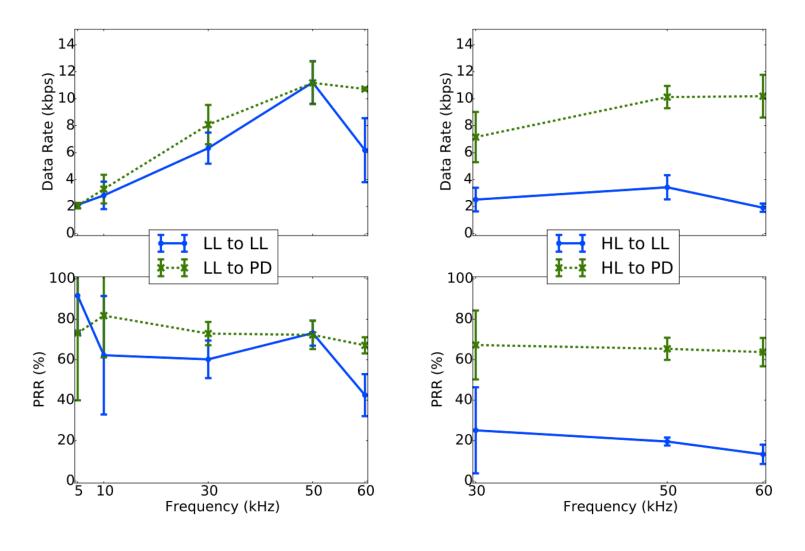
Range



These graphs do not use consistent y-axis range so hard to compare across graphs







Idea #1 Range of the metric
Idea #2 Range of the observed values

Caption

Should be mostly self-contained Don't just describe the lines

Ben, a state change time between actin rate and that rate if the rate suddenly; these rate change how does BigBen lach activation aptime keeping. To a low-power Micro RTC) powered by a eliable time source stivation. Now calight change events,

advantage: change bal clock. This is vents locally rather s to the RTC, Bigthe lights turned on en logs rather than onitor rooms with time (~3 months). It is sensors feasible. Onitoring is worth-onfigured to trans-

l a proxy for occucoccupancy detecn that many rooms nsitive lights. That are detected in a n no motion is de-BigBen can detect hly infer when the ation, but in certain ploying an energy-

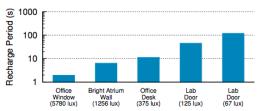


Figure 6: Recharge rate in varying lighting conditions. We measure the time the solar cell based energy-harvester takes to recharge in opportunistic trigger mode under different lighting conditions. As expected, the brighter the room the faster the recharge rate. Rooms with natural light (atrium and office) can support relatively fast recharge rates (in the 10s of seconds). Rooms with only artificial light (lab) cause the sensor to recharge more slowly, but can still support a sample every two minutes.

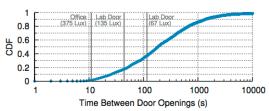
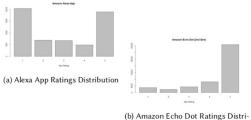


Figure 7: CDF of the interval between door open events. Plotted on a log scale x-axis is the CDF of time intervals between subsequent door opening events of a door over a month period. Also shown are the recharge times for the solar based energy-harvesting power supply in different lighting conditions. Sensors in rooms with natural light would be able to detect most door open events, and even in moderately lit rooms at least 65% of door open events would be detected.

Graphs Case Study



bution

Fig. 1. Amazon Alexa App and Device Rating Distribution

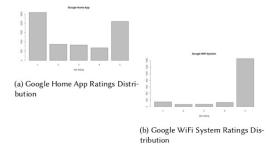


Fig. 2. Google Home App and Device Rating Distribution



(b) Insteon Hub Device Ratings Distribution

Fig. 3. Insteon App and Device Rating Distribution

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Insights from User Reviews of Internet of Things Apps and Devices • 9

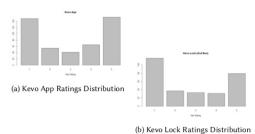


Fig. 4. Kevo App and Device Rating Distribution

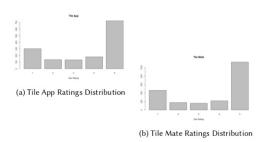


Fig. 5. Tile App and Device Rating Distribution

HW10

Describe the results from your research.